**Categorical Permission Alteration Description –** **16. Pressurized Pipes**

The categorical permission covers the installation, modification, and replacement of pressurized pipes that comply with certain terms and conditions. Particularly, all pressurized pipes must be designed and installed in accordance with current USACE standards. The total area of disturbance, including staging and access areas, must not exceed 5 acres. Pressurized pipes must also be designed to prevent, (1) flotation from uplift, (2) scour or erosion, (3) damage from debris on the waterside, particularly during flood flows, (4) leakage, (5) seepage along proposed pipes, (6) corrosion, and (7) damage from vehicular loads.

All new pressurized pipes should go up and over the levee DWSE. Pressurized pipes passing over or within the freeboard zone of a levee (i.e., above the levee DWSE), should be made of metal, preferably ductile iron or coated steel, suitable for use with flexible couplings.

Backfill under and around (to 1 foot over) the proposed pipe must be controlled low‐strength material (CLSM). Pipes that pass above the DWSE must have 2 feet of cover (low permeability or CLSM) to prevent damage by vehicles and equipment. Cover material on the levee crown must be placed at a ratio of 10H:1V, in the upstream/downstream direction of the levee. Pipes on the sides of the levee should be covered with a minimum of 1 foot of low permeability material, compacted in 4‐ to 6‐inch lifts or CLSM to protect them from debris during high water (waterside) or to keep them from interfering with or being damaged by operations or maintenance of the levee (landside). Fill must be free of deleterious materials and construction debris and placed in 4- to 6-inch-thick loose lifts and compacted to not less than 95% of the maximum density at moistures between -2 and +3 percent of optimum moisture content obtained from ASTM D698 (USACE preferred method), or alternately, 90% of the maximum density at moistures between -2 and +3 percent of optimum moisture content obtained from ASTM D1557. At the sponsor and levee maintaining agency’s discretion, pipes on the levee slopes may be left exposed.

Only suitable material must be used as levee fill materials. Fill must be free from: roots and other organic matter, contaminated hazardous or toxic material, trash, debris, and frozen materials. Satisfactory fill material must have a plasticity index between 8 and 25, have a liquid limit less than 45, a minimum fines content of 20%, and 100% passing the 3-inch sieve.

Pressurized pipes terminating in the channel require a positive closure device on the waterside that is accessible from the levee crown. Pressurized pipes transporting product completely across or through the federal project easement require positive closure devices located landward of any levees and channel. The positive closure device shall be located within one mile on both sides of the federal project. If the invert of the pipe is over the levee crown, the combination of a pump station on the waterside and a siphon breaker is considered an appropriate means of closure. Pipes located within or beneath a levee must have watertight joints that can accommodate movements resulting from settlement.

All pressurized pipes that cross the levee foundation at a depth less than or equal to two times the height of the levee should be evaluated for uplift. Pipes crossing the surface of the levee must be designed to counteract buoyancy forces of an empty pipe, with water at the DWSE.

Pressurized pipelines running parallel to flood risk management projects should be located at least 15 feet beyond the levee toes. Pipe location and orientation must be clearly marked in the field so they can be easily identified for flood fighting crews.

If appropriate, the requester should prepare an excavation plan demonstrating the effects of excavation on the stability of the embankments.

The site layout should provide adequate access for maintenance vehicles to refill fuel tanks and service/replace pumps, generators, etc. Pressurized pipes must also allow easy access for rapid closure in the event of leakage or rupture.

No plastic pipes (HDPE, PVC, etc.) are allowed in the levee embankment or its foundation unless they are embedded in concrete.

If an electrochemical or chemical reaction between the substratum or groundwater and pipe materials is expected, the pipe and pipe couplings must be protected.

After installation of pressurized pipes, the requester must demonstrate 0% pipe leakage in pipes in the levee. Pipes must be pressure tested to industry standards. Pipes must be regularly inspected, including the interior, if possible, looking for signs of maintenance issues. If an inspection indicates corrosion, alignment sag or heave, or separation at joints, corrective action must be taken as soon as possible to avoid failure. Pipe valves must be periodically inspected and pressure tested to ensure that they are functioning properly. Pressure tests must show no significant loss in pressure. Leaks and other deficiencies must be addressed as soon as possible. All replacement parts must be of equivalent or better quality than those being replaced.

The preferred method for abandoning pipes that pass through or over a levee is complete removal. If removal is not feasible, the pipes and other structures may be filled with a cement/bentonite‐based grout or flowable fill. The grout needs to be sufficiently fluid so that it can be pumped to completely fill the pipe leaving no voids.

**Categorical Permission Alteration Checklist – 16. Pressurized Pipes**

*Note:* The following checklist is intended for planning purposes only, and includes information that USACE reviewers look for when considering a Section 408 request for pressurized pipes under the Categorical Permission. To be reviewed under the Categorical Permission, the proposed project must adhere to all requirements of the Categorical Permission, including the full alteration description (see previous page). The plans and narrative project description should reflect this information.

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| --- |
| 1. New Construction  Replacement  Modification  Authorize Existing |
| 1. Maximum total area of disturbance is 5 acres: Yes  No |
| |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
| 1. Pipes are designed to prevent flotation from uplift, scour or erosion, damage from debris on the waterside (particularly during flood flows), seepage along proposed pipes, corrosion, leakage, and damage from vehicular loads: Yes  No |
| |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
| 1. Backfill under and around (to 1 foot over) the proposed pipe must be controlled low‐strength material (CLSM): Yes  No  |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
| 1. Pipes passing over the DWSE will have a minimum of 2 feet of cover (low permeability or CLSM): Yes  N/A |
| |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
| 1. If material must be added to the levee crown, the added material must be sloped at a ratio of 10H:1V horizontal to vertical, in the upstream/downstream direction to prevent a “speed bump” effect and facilitate vehicle access: Yes  N/A |
| |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
| 1. Fill will be compacted to at least 95% of maximum density as determined by ASTM D698, between -2 and +3% of optimum moisture content: Yes  No |
| |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
| 1. Satisfactory fill material must have a plasticity index between 8 and 25, have a liquid limit less than 45, a minimum fines content of 20%, and 100% passing the 3-inch sieve: Yes  No |
| |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
| 1. All fill will be free of organics or other inappropriate materials: Yes  N/A |
| |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
| 1. Pipes terminating in the channel have a positive closure device on the waterside that is accessible from the levee crown: Yes  N/A |
| |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
| 1. Pipes transporting product completely across the federal project have a positive closure devices located within 1 mile on both sides of the federal project: Yes  N/A  |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
| 1. Pipes located within or beneath a levee have watertight joints that can accommodate movements resulting from settlement: Yes  No  |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
| 1. Pipes crossing the surface of the levee are designed to counteract buoyancy forces of an empty pipe, with water at the DWSE: Yes  N/A  |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
| 1. Pipe location and orientation will be clearly marked in the field: Yes  No  |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
| 1. Pipes will allow easy access for rapid closure: Yes  No  |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
| 1. Plastic pipes within the levee embankment or its foundation are embedded in concrete:   Yes  N/A   |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
| 1. If a chemical or electrochemical reaction is expected, the pipe and pipe couplings must be protected: Yes  N/A  |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
| 1. Any work within the levee embankment or foundation? Yes  No  |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
| 1. Any work ≤50 feet beneath the channel invert? Yes  No  |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
|  |
| 1. Hydraulic blockage calculation ≥1%? Yes  No  N/A |
| |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |
| 1. Hydraulic model used for hydraulic analysis? Yes  No  N/A |
| |  | | --- | | Reference: [ Click to enter document source. Example – plan sheet (p. 4), specs, report. ] | | Comment: [ Click to enter rationale, explanation, unique situation, etc. ] | |

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| *Comment* | | | | | | | |
| **CP Eligibility Review** | | | | | | |
| Yes No | Add’l. Info  Requested | | | | | | |
| ☐ ☐ ☐ | | Environmental Reviewer: |  | Date: | Click date |  | |
| ☐ ☐ ☐ | | Engineering Reviewer: |  | Date: | Click date |  | |
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