APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

SECTION I: BACKGROUND INFORMATION

- A. REPORT COMPLETION DATE FOR APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (JD): 20-May-2009
- B. DISTRICT OFFICE, FILE NAME, AND NUMBER: Sacramento District, SPK-2007-02204-JD1
- C. PROJECT LOCATION AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

State :CA - CaliforniaCounty/parish/borough:SacramentoCity:OrangevaleLat:38.711Long:-121.228

Universal Transverse Mercator Folder UTM List

UTM list determined by folder location

• NAD83 / UTM zone 37S

Waters UTM List

UTM list determined by waters location

NAD83 / UTM zone 37S

Name of nearest waterbody: Linda Creek
Name of nearest Traditional Navigable Water (TNW): Sacramento River
Name of watershed or Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC): 18020111

M Check if map/diagram of review area and/or potential jurisdictional areas is/are available upon request.

[III] Check if other sites (e.g., offsite mitigation sites, disposal sites, etc.) are associated with the action and are recorded on a different JD form.

D. REVIEW PERFORMED FOR SITE EVALUATION:

■ Office Determination Date: 19-May-2009

Field Determination Date(s):

SECTION II: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

A. RHA SECTION 10 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION

There [] "navigable waters of the U.S." within Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 329) in the review area.

Waters subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

Maters are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

Explain:

B. CWA SECTION 404 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.

There [] "waters of the U.S." within Clean Water Act (CWA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 328) in the review area.

- 1. Waters of the U.S.
- a. Indicate presence of waters of U.S. in review area: ¹
 Not Applicable.
- b. Identify (estimate) size of waters of the U.S. in the review area:

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Area: 242.81136 (m²) Linear: (m) c. Limits (boundaries) of jurisdiction: based on: 1987 Delineation Manual. OHWM Elevation: (if known) 2. Non-regulated waters/wetlands:³ Potentially jurisdictional waters and/or wetlands were assessed within the review area and determined to be not jurisdictional. Explain: The two features on-site meet the three criteria standard for the determination that they are wetlands. However, the features both appear to be isolated depressions without a clear surface or subsurface connection to other Waters of the U.S. The dominant direction of water movement on-site is to the south via overland sheet flow that eventually reaches Linda Creek, but the swales evident in aerial photographs of the site that have the potential to carry water from the two isolated features during periods of high precipitation quickly lose any kind of clear connectivity or discernible flow pattern due to urban development and other landscape modifications, when followed off-site. The features are approximately a quarter-mile distant from Linda Creek. **SECTION III: CWA ANALYSIS** A. TNWs AND WETLANDS ADJACENT TO TNWs 1.TNW Not Applicable. 2. Wetland Adjacent to TNW Not Applicable. B. CHARACTERISTICS OF TRIBUTARY (THAT IS NOT A TNW) AND ITS ADJACENT WETLANDS (IF ANY): 1. Characteristics of non-TNWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNW (i) General Area Conditions: Watershed size: Drainage area: [] Average annual rainfall: inches Average annual snowfall: inches (ii) Physical Characteristics (a) Relationship with TNW: Tributary flows directly into TNW. Tributary flows through [] tributaries before entering TNW. :Number of tributaries Project waters are [] river miles from TNW. Project waters are [] river miles from RPW. Project Waters are [] aerial (straight) miles from TNW.

Identify flow route to TNW:⁵

Tributary Stream Order, if known:

Project waters are [] aerial(straight) miles from RPW.

Project waters cross or serve as state boundaries.

Not Applicable.

Explain:

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(b) General Tributary Tributary is: Not Applicable.	/ Characteristics:
Tributary properties Not Applicable.	with respect to top of bank (estimate):
Primary tributary su Not Applicable.	bstrate composition:
Tributary (conditions Not Applicable.	s, stability, presence, geometry, gradient):
(c) Flow: Not Applicable.	
Surface Flow is: Not Applicable.	
Subsurface Flow: Not Applicable.	
Tributary has: Not Applicable.	
f factors other than	the OHWM were used to determine lateral extent of CWA jurisdiction:
High Tide Line indic Not Applicable.	ated by:
Mean High Water Ma Not Applicable.	ırk indicated by:
(iii) Chemical Charac Characterize tributa Not Applicable.	cteristics: ry (e.g., water color is clear, discolored, oily film; water quality;general watershed characteristics, etc.)
(iv) Biological Chara Not Applicable.	cteristics. Channel supports:
2. Characteristics of	wetlands adjacent to non-TNW that flow directly or indirectly into TNW
(i) Physical Characte (a) General Wetland Properties: Not Applicable.	
(b) General Flow Re Flow is: Not Applicable.	lationship with Non-TNW:

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Surface flow is: Not Applicable.
Subsurface flow: Not Applicable.
(c) Wetland Adjacency Determination with Non-TNW: Not Applicable.
(d) Proximity (Relationship) to TNW: Not Applicable.
(ii) Chemical Characteristics: Characterize tributary (e.g., water color is clear, discolored, oily film; water quality; general watershed characteristics, etc.). Not Applicable.
(iii) Biological Characteristics. Wetland supports: Not Applicable.
3. Characteristics of all wetlands adjacent to the tributary (if any): All wetlands being considered in the cumulative analysis: Not Applicable.
Summarize overall biological, chemical and physical functions being performed: Not Applicable.
C. SIGNIFICANT NEXUS DETERMINATION
A significant nexus analysis will assess the flow characteristics and functions of the tributary itself and the functions performed by any wetlands adjacent to the tributary to determine if they significantly affect the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of a TNW For each of the following situations, a significant nexus exists if the tributary, in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, has more than a speculative or insubstantial effect on the chemical, physical and/or biological integrity of a TNW. Considerations when evaluating significant nexus include, but are not limited to the volume, duration, and frequency of the flow of water in the tributary and its proximity to a TNW, and the functions performed by the tributary and all its adjacent wetlands. It is not appropriate to determine significant nexus based solely on any specific threshold of distance (e.g. between a tributary and its adjacent wetland or between a tributary and the TNW). Similarly, the fact an adjacent wetland lies within or outside of a floodplain is not solely determinative of significant nexus.
Significant Nexus: Not Applicable
D. DETERMINATIONS OF JURISDICTIONAL FINDINGS. THE SUBJECT WATERS/WETLANDS ARE:
1. TNWs and Adjacent Wetlands: Not Applicable.
2. RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs: Not Applicable.
Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area: Not Applicable.

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Not Applicable.	
Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area Not Applicable.	
4. Wetlands directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or inc Not Applicable.	lirectly into TNWs.
Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the Not Applicable.	review area:
Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting an RPW that Not Applicable.	flow directly or indirectly into TNWs:
Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the Not Applicable.	review area:
6. Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indire Not Applicable.	ctly into TNWs:
Provide estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review a Not Applicable.	rea:
7. Impoundments of jurisdictional waters: 9 Not Applicable.	
E. ISOLATED [INTERSTATE OR INTRA-STATE] WATERS INCI OF WHICH COULD AFFECT INTERSTATE COMMERCE, INCLU Not Applicable.	LUDING ISOLATED WETLANDS, THE USE, DEGRADATION OR DESTRUCTION JDING ANY SUCH WATERS: 10
Identify water body and summarize rationale supporting dete Not Applicable.	ermination:
Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area Not Applicable.	a:
F. NON-JURISDICTIONAL WATERS. INCLUDING WETLANDS	
If potential wetlands were assessed within the review area, to Delineation Manual and/or appropriate Regional Supplements:	hese areas did not meet the criteria in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland
Review area included isolated waters with no substantial ne	cus to interstate (or foreign) commerce:
Prior to the Jan 2001 Supreme Court decision in "SWANCC, Rule" (MBR):	the review area would have been regulated based soley on the "Migratory Bird"
Waters do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where	such a finding is required for jurisdiction (Explain):
Other (Explain):	

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Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, where the sole potential basis of jurisdiction is the MBR factors (ie., presence of migratory birds, presence of endangered species, use of water for irrigated agriculture), using best professional judgment:

Not Applicable.

Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, that do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction.

Not Applicable.

SECTION IV: DATA SOURCES.

A. SUPPORTING DATA. Data reviewed for JD

(listed items shall be included in case file and, where checked and requested, appropriately reference below):

Data Reviewed	Source Label	Source Description
Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant	Figure 3 - Soil Map	-
Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant	Figure 1 - Site and Vicinity Map	Folsom, CA, U.S.G.S. 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle.
Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant	-	-
Office concurs with data sheets/delineation report	-	-
Photographs	-	-
Aerial	Appendix C - Wetland Delineation Map	Aerial photo dated 05 March 2005.
Aerial	Figure 2 - Aerial Photo Map	Aerial Photo, dated August 2005.

B. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS TO SUPPORT JD:

Description

The two features on-site meet the three criteria standard for the determination that they are wetlands. However, the features both appear to be isolated depressions without a clear surface or subsurface connection to other Waters of the U.S. The dominant direction of water movement on-site is to the south via overland sheet flow that eventually reaches Linda Creek, but the swales evident in aerial photographs of the site that have the potential to carry water from the two isolated features during periods of high precipitation quickly lose any kind of clear connectivity or discernible flow pattern due to urban development and other landscape modifications, when followed off-site. The features are approximately a quarter-mile distant from Linda Creek.

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¹⁻Boxes checked below shall be supported by completing the appropriate sections in Section III below.

²-For purposes of this form, an RPW is defined as a tributary that is not a TNW and that typically flows year-round or has continuous flow at least "seasonally" (e.g., typically 3 months).

 $^{^{}m 3} ext{-}$ Supporting documentation is presented in Section III.F.

⁴⁻Note that the Instructional Guidebook contains additional information regarding swales, ditches, washes, and erosional features generally and in the arid West.

⁵-Flow route can be described by identifying, e.g., tributary a, which flows through the review area, to flow into tributary b, which then flows into TNW.

⁶⁻A natural or man-made discontinuity in the OHWM does not necessarily sever jurisdiction (e.g., where the stream temporarily flows underground, or where the OHWM has been removed by development or agricultural practices). Where there is a break in the OHWM that is unrelated to the waterbody's flow regime (e.g., flow over a rock outcrop or through a culvert), the agencies will look for indicators of flow above and below the break.

^{7&}lt;sub>-Ibid.</sub>

⁸⁻See Footnote #3.

 $^{^{9}}$ -To complete the analysis refer to the key in Section III.D.6 of the Instructional Guidebook.

^{10.} Prior to asserting or declining CWA jurisdiction based solely on this category, Corps Districts will elevate the action to Corps and EPA HQ for review consistent with the process described in the Corps/EPA Memorandum Regarding CWA act Jurisdiction Following Rapanos.







