APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

SECTION I: BACKGROUND INFORM	ATION
A. REPORT COMPLETION DATE FOR APPROVE	D JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (JD): 08-May-2008
B. DISTRICT OFFICE, FILE NAME, AND NUMBER	R: Sacramento District, SPK-2008-00617-DC-JD1
C. PROJECT LOCATION AND BACKGROUND IN	FORMATION:
State:	CO - Colorado
County/parish/borough:	La Plata
City:	Bayfield
Lat:	37.09567
Long:	-107.57567
Universal Transverse Mercator:	
Name of nearest waterbody:	Salabar Draw
Name of nearest Traditional Navigable Water (TNW	/): Navajo Reservoir
Name of watershed or Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC)	: 14080101
Check if map/diagram of review area and/or po	otential jurisdictional areas is/are available upon request.
Check if other sites (e.g., offsite mitigation sites on a different JD form.	s, disposal sites, etc¿) are associated with the action and are recorded
D. REVIEW PERFORMED FOR SITE EVALUATIO	N:
✓ Office Determination Date: 08-May-2008	
Field Determination Date(s):	
	_
SECTION II: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS	5
A. RHA SECTION 10 DETERMINATION OF JURIS	DICTION
There [] "navigable waters of the U.S." within River in the review area.	s and Harbors Act (RHA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 329)
Waters subject to the ebb and flow of t	he tide.
	en used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate
or foreign commerce. Explain:	
B. CWA SECTION 404 DETERMINATION OF JUR	ISDICTION.
There [] "waters of the U.S." within Clean Water A area.	Act (CWA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 328) in the review
Waters of the U.S. a. Indicate presence of waters of U.S. in review a	ırea: ¹

Water Name

200800617 Salabar Draw

Water Type(s) Present

Relatively Permanent Waters (RPWs) that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs

b. Identify (estimate) size o	f waters of the U.S. in the review area:
Area: (m²) Linear: 2 (m)	
c. Limits (boundaries) of ju	risdiction:
based on: Established OHWM Elevation: (if known)	ed by OHWM.
2. Non-regulated waters/we	etlands: ³
Potentially jurisdictional water	ers and/or wetlands were assessed within the review area and determined to be not jurisdictional
SECTION III: CWA AI	NALYSIS
A. TNWs AND WETLANDS	ADJACENT TO TNWs
1.TNW Not Applicable.	
2. Wetland Adjacent to TNV Not Applicable.	v
B. CHARACTERISTICS OF	TRIBUTARY (THAT IS NOT A TNW) AND ITS ADJACENT WETLANDS (IF ANY):
1. Characteristics of non-Ti	NWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNW
(i) General Area Conditions Watershed size: [] Drainage area: [] Average annual rainfall: inc Average annual snowfall: inc	ches
(ii) Physical Characteristics	;
(a) Relationship with TNW: Tributary flows directly in	nto TNW
	[] tributaries before entering TNW.
:Number of tributaries	
Project waters are [] river m Project waters are [] river m Project Waters are [] aerial Project waters are [] aerial(niles from RPW. (straight) miles from TNW.
Project waters cross or	serve as state boundaries.
Explain:	
Identify flow route to TNW:5	
Tributary Stream Order, if k	known:
Order	Tributary Name
The state of the s	1

2 200800617 Salabar Draw

(b) General Tributary Characteristics:

Tributary is:

Tributary Name	Natural	Artificial	Explain	Manipulated
200800617 Salabar Draw	X	-	-	-

Tributary properties with respect to top of bank (estimate):

Tributary Name	Width (ft)	Depth (ft)	Side
200800617 Salabar Draw	20	5	2:1

Primary tributary substrate composition:

Tributary Name	Silt	Sands	Concrete	Cobble	Gravel	Muck	Bedrock	Vegetat
200800617 Salabar Draw	Х	Х	-	Х	-	-	-	-

Tributary (conditions, stability, presence, geometry, gradient):

	Tributary Name	Condition\Stability	Run\Riffle\Pool Complexes	Geometry
_	00800617 Salabar Praw	The banks are not stable due to grazing and an altered flow regime.	There are no riffle/pool complexes at the project site.	Meanderin

(c) Flow:

(-)				
Tributary Name	Provides for	Events Per Year	Flow Regime	
200800617 Salabar Draw	Seasonal flow	2-5	The flow regime of Salabar Draw is driven by irrigation return flows. Therefore the Draw flows most of the year but may be dry during non-irrigating time periods.	-

Surface Flow is:

Tributary Name	Surface Flow	Characteristics
200800617 Salabar Draw	Discrete and confined	The flow is confined within the incised channel.

Subsurface Flow:

Tributary Name	Subsurface Flow	Explain Findings	Dye (or ot
200800617 Salabar Draw	Unknown	-	-

Tributary has:

Tributary Name	Bed & Banks	OHWM	Discontinuous OHWM ⁷
200800617 Salabar Draw	-	X	-

Tributaries with OHWM⁶ - (as indicated above)

(uo maioatea above)												
	Tributary Name	OHWM	Clear	Litter	Changes in Soil	Destruction Vegetation	Shelving	Wrack Line	Matted\Absent Vegetation	Sediment Sorting	Leaf Litter	Scour
	200800617 Salabar Draw	Х	-	-	-	-	Х	-	Х	-	-	Х

If factors other than the OHWM were used to determine lateral extent of CWA jurisdiction:

High Tide Line indicated by:

Not Applicable.

Mean High Water Mark indicated by:

Not Applicable.

(iii) Chemical Characteristics:

Characterize tributary (e.g., water color is clear, discolored, oily film; water quality; general watershed characteristics

Tributary Name	Explain	Identify specific poll
200800617 Salabar Draw	The water is clear during low flows but becomes turbid during higher flows.	No known pollutar

(iv) Biological Characteristics. Channel supports:

Tributary Name	Riparian Corridor	Characteristics	Wetland Fringe	Characteristics
200800617 Salabar Draw	-	-	-	-

- 2. Characteristics of wetlands adjacent to non-TNW that flow directly or indirectly into TNW
- (i) Physical Characteristics:
- (a) General Wetland Characteristics:

Properties:

Not Applicable.

(b) General Flow Relationship with Non-TNW:

Flow is:

Not Applicable.

Surface flow is:

Not Applicable.

Subsurface flow:

Not Applicable.

(c) Wetland Adjacency Determination with Non-TNW:

Not Applicable.

(d) Proximity (Relationship) to TNW:

Not Applicable.

(ii) Chemical Characteristics:

Characterize tributary (e.g., water color is clear, discolored, oily film; water quality; general watershed characteristics, etc.).

Not Applicable.

(iii) Biological Characteristics. Wetland supports:

Not Applicable.

3. Characteristics of all wetlands adjacent to the tributary (if any):

All wetlands being considered in the cumulative analysis:

Not Applicable.

Summarize overall biological, chemical and physical functions being performed: Not Applicable.

C. SIGNIFICANT NEXUS DETERMINATION

A significant nexus analysis will assess the flow characteristics and functions of the tributary itself and the functions performed by any wetlands adjacent to the tributary to determine if they significantly affect the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of a TNW. For each of the following situations, a significant nexus exists if the tributary, in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, has more than a speculative or insubstantial effect on the chemical, physical and/or biological integrity of a TNW. Considerations when evaluating significant nexus include, but are not limited to the volume, duration, and frequency of the flow of water in the tributary and its proximity to a TNW, and the functions performed by the tributary and all its adjacent wetlands. It is not appropriate to determine significant nexus based solely on any specific threshold of distance (e.g. between a tributary and its adjacent wetland or between a tributary and the TNW). Similarly, the fact an adjacent wetland lies within or outside of a floodplain is not solely determinative of significant nexus.

Significant Nexus: Not Applicable

D. DETERMINATIONS OF JURISDICTIONAL FINDINGS. THE SUBJECT WATERS/WETLANDS ARE:

1. TNWs and Adjacent Wetlands:

Not Applicable.

2. RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs:

Wetland Name	Flow	Explain
200800617 Salabar Draw	SEASONAL	The flow regime of Salabar Draw is driven by irrigation return flows. Therefore the Draw the year but may be dry during non-irrigating time periods.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area:

Wetland Name	Туре	Size (Linear) (m)
200800617 Salabar Draw	Relatively Permanent Waters (RPWs) that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs	1.524
Total:		1.524

3. Non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs:⁸ Not Applicable.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area: Not Applicable.

4. Wetlands directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs. Not Applicable.

Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: Not Applicable.

5. Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs: Not Applicable.

Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: Not Applicable.

Not Applicable.		
Provide estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: Not Applicable.		
7. Impoundments of jurisdictional waters: ⁹ Not Applicable.		
E. ISOLATED [INTERSTATE OR INTRA-STATE] WATERS INCLUDING ISOLATI DEGRADATION OR DESTRUCTION OF WHICH COULD AFFECT INTERSTATE WATERS: 10 Not Applicable.		NY SUCH
Identify water body and summarize rationale supporting determination: Not Applicable.		
Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area: Not Applicable.		
F. NON-JURISDICTIONAL WATERS. INCLUDING WETLANDS		
If potential wetlands were assessed within the review area, these areas did no Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual and/or appropriate Regional Supplements:		Corps of
Review area included isolated waters with no substantial nexus to interstate (o	r foreign) commerce:	
Prior to the Jan 2001 Supreme Court decision in "SWANCC," the review area on the "Migratory Bird Rule" (MBR):	would have been regulated ba	sed soley
Waters do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is r	equired for jurisdiction (Explai	n):
Other (Explain):		
Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, wh jurisdiction is the MBR factors (ie., presence of migratory birds, presence of irrigated agriculture), using best professional judgment: Not Applicable.		
Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, the standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction. Not Applicable.	at do not meet the "Significa	nt Nexus"
SECTION IV: DATA SOURCES.		
A. SUPPORTING DATA. Data reviewed for JD (listed items shall be included in case file and, where checked and requested, appro	opriately reference below):	
Data Reviewed	Source Label	Source Des
Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant	Preconstruction notification	-
U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas	-	-
USGS 8 and 12 digit HUC maps	-	-

U.S. Geological Survey map(s).	Tiffany Quad	-
Photographs	-	-
Aerial	-	-
Other information	On-site Photographs	Supplied by

B. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS TO SUPPORT JD:

Description
This determination is for Salabar Draw, which is a relatively permanent waterway that flows indirectly into the Navajo Reserv

¹-Boxes checked below shall be supported by completing the appropriate sections in Section III below.

²-For purposes of this form, an RPW is defined as a tributary that is not a TNW and that typically flows year-round or has continuous flow at least ¿seasonally¿ (e.g., typically 3 months).

³-Supporting documentation is presented in Section III.F.

⁴-Note that the Instructional Guidebook contains additional information regarding swales, ditches, washes, and erosional features generally and in the arid West.

⁵-Flow route can be described by identifying, e.g., tributary a, which flows through the review area, to flow into tributary b, which then flows into TNW.

⁶-A natural or man-made discontinuity in the OHWM does not necessarily sever jurisdiction (e.g., where the stream temporarily flows underground, or where the OHWM has been removed by development or agricultural practices). Where there is a break in the OHWM that is unrelated to the waterbody¿s flow regime (e.g., flow over a rock outcrop or through a culvert), the agencies will look for indicators of flow above and below the break.

⁷-Ibid.

⁸-See Footnote #3.

⁹ -To complete the analysis refer to the key in Section III.D.6 of the Instructional Guidebook.

¹⁰-Prior to asserting or declining CWA jurisdiction based solely on this category, Corps Districts will elevate the action to Corps and EPA HQ for review consistent with the process described in the Corps/EPA Memorandum Regarding CWA Act Jurisdiction Following Rapanos.